

ARIZON
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

S1703 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF PEOPLE AT SPECIFIED LEVELS OF POVERTY IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Texarkana city, Texas			
	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level	Less than 100 percent of the poverty level	Less than 125 percent of the poverty level
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Population for whom poverty status is determined	36,218	9.7%	25.1%	30.8%
SEX				
Male	17,249	9.3%	23.4%	29.4%
Female	18,969	10.2%	26.7%	32.1%
AGE				
Under 18 years	9,684	16.4%	37.9%	44.4%
Related children of householder under 18 years	9,624	16.2%	37.5%	44.1%
18 to 64 years	21,766	8.3%	23.1%	28.3%
65 years and over	4,768	3.0%	8.7%	14.7%
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
One race	34,934	9.8%	24.5%	29.7%
White	20,122	3.8%	12.6%	16.8%
Black or African American	13,443	18.8%	44.0%	50.5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	151	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%
Asian	679	1.9%	1.9%	16.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Some other race	524	17.7%	17.7%	19.1%
Two or more races	1,284	9.3%	41.4%	60.7%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	2,551	20.0%	39.7%	41.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	18,731	3.2%	10.9%	15.3%
LIVING ARRANGEMENT				
In family households	29,865	8.9%	23.8%	29.0%
In married-couple family	17,402	2.3%	7.9%	11.3%
In Female householder, no husband present households	11,358	19.5%	49.7%	58.0%

Subject	Texarkana city, Texas			
	Total	Less than 50 percent of the poverty level	Less than 100 percent of the poverty level	Less than 125 percent of the poverty level
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
In other living arrangements	6,353	13.8%	31.2%	39.3%
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT				
Population 25 years and over	23,036	6.3%	19.5%	24.5%
Less than high school graduate	2,884	10.0%	44.6%	51.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	7,019	6.6%	20.5%	27.9%
Some college or associate's degree	7,255	6.9%	18.4%	24.3%
Bachelor's degree or higher	5,878	3.5%	7.2%	7.6%
NATIVITY AND CITIZENSHIP STATUS				
Native	34,152	9.6%	25.4%	31.3%
Foreign born	2,066	11.9%	19.9%	23.4%
Naturalized citizen	700	11.7%	12.3%	21.6%
DISABILITY STATUS				
With any disability	5,224	9.0%	31.3%	40.4%
No disability	30,994	9.9%	24.1%	29.2%
WORK STATUS				
Population 16 to 64 years	23,027	8.4%	23.4%	28.6%
Worked full-time, year-round	10,124	2.2%	6.9%	10.8%
Worked less than full-time, year-round	5,211	10.4%	30.6%	36.9%
Did not work	7,692	15.1%	40.2%	46.3%

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.